

# **Explore American History**

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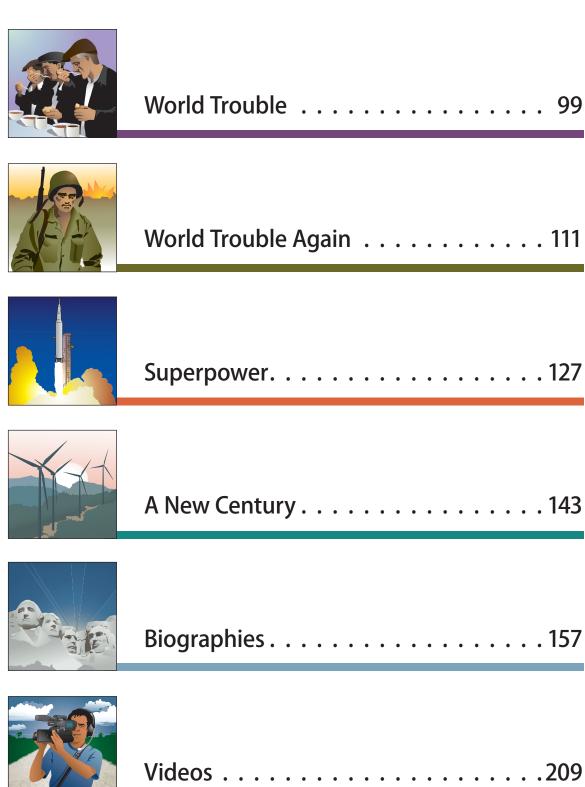


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# Explore History









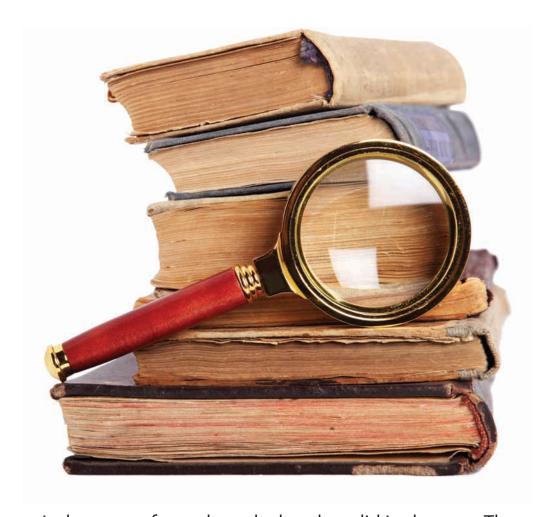


- History is the study of the:
  - past
- present



- Tell one tool you think people who study history use.
- The picture on this page is a collage. Tell one thing about it.

# What Is History?



History is the story of people and what they did in the past. The past means something that has already happened. History tells when and how people lived, what they did, and what they made. Tell one reason to study history.

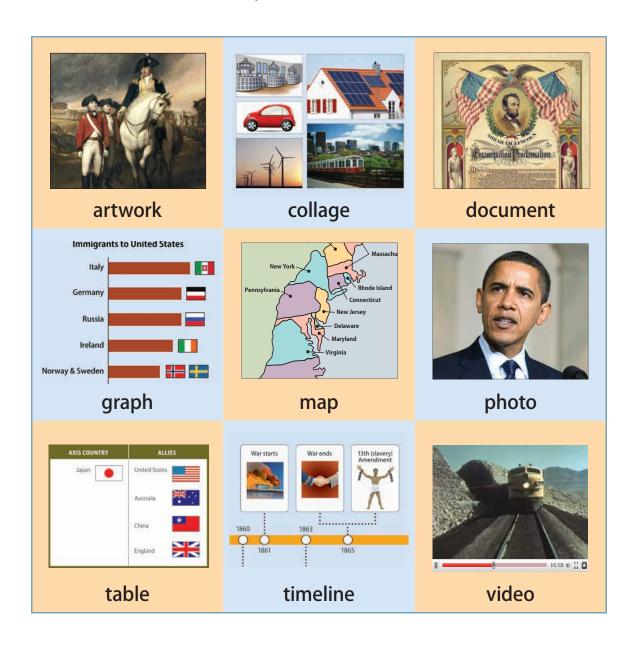
#### What Is a Historian?



There is a special name for people who study history. They are called historians. There is so much history that a historian studies only one part of it. Historians use many tools to study history. You will read about some of these tools in this chapter. Tell one fact you know about a historian.

## **Tools for Studying History**

People who study history use some of the tools on this page. Point to one and tell what you know about it.



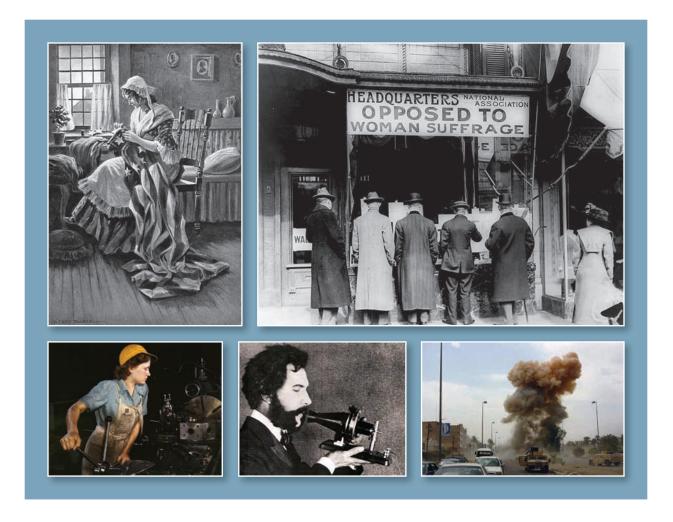
**Note:** Look for these tools as you read this book.

### **Artwork**



Historians use artwork to study what people looked like, what they did, and where they lived. What do you think the artwork on this page shows?

# Collage



One tool historians use to study history is a collage. A collage is many pictures of something pasted together to make a big picture.

Many ideas, people, or things can be shown in a collage at one time. Tell one thing about the collage on this page.

#### **Document**



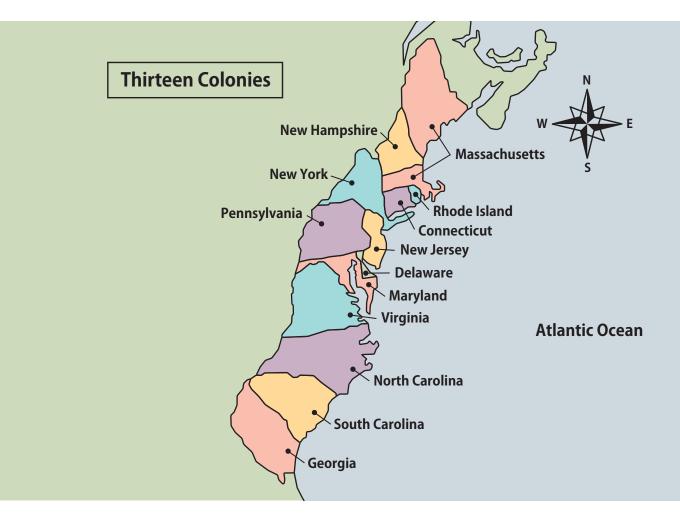
A document is a piece of writing that shows information about something that happened. The document on this page is the United States Constitution. Some historians study the Constitution to find out what laws and responsibilities people have who live in the United States. Tell one fact you know about the Constitution.

# Graph



Graphs are used to study history. A graph is a picture that shows information or data about something. Look at the graph. Between 1850 and 1990, what countries did the most immigrants, or people who moved to the United States, come from? Tell what country the fewest immigrants came from.

# Map



Maps are tools historians use. A map is a picture of an area of land or water. There are many kinds of maps. The map on this page shows the original 13 colonies of the United States. Point to the compass rose. Listen as your teacher tells you how to use it. Point to Virginia. Draw a route from Virginia to another colony. What direction do you go?

#### **Photo**



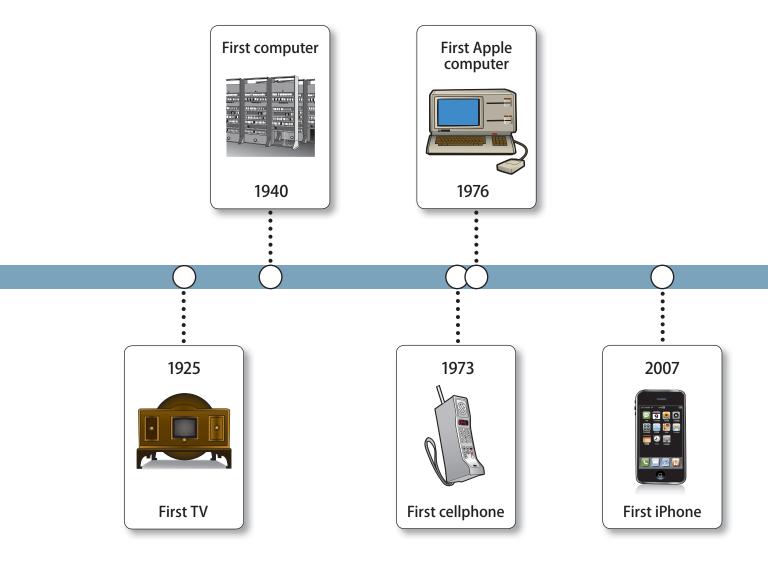
Another tool historians use is a photo. A photo can show how people lived, what they did, and what they made. A photo can be used to compare how people used to live with how they live today. Point to one thing in the photo and tell how it is different from today.

#### **Table**

UNITED STATES CENSUS							
Year	1620	1640	1660	1680	1700		
Number of colonists	500	26,600	75,100	151,500	250,900		

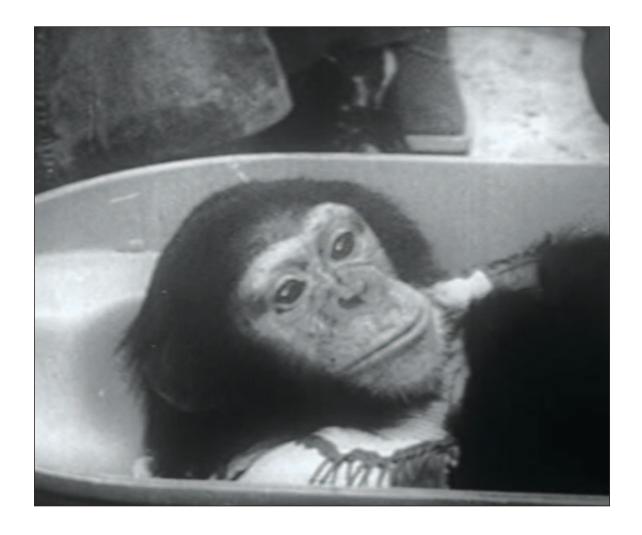
A table shows information arranged in columns and rows. Some historians keep track of how many people lived in a place over many years. The table on this page shows how many colonists lived in the United States before it became a country. Pick a year and tell how many colonists were living in the United States.

#### **Timeline**



A timeline is one tool historians use. A timeline shows when things happened and keeps them in order. This timeline shows when some things you use every day were first made. Point to the timeline. Tell when an invention was first made.

### **Video**



A video is another tool used to find out about what happened in the past. A video can be about one person or many people. A video can show what happened during a great event such as a war or depression. Tell one way you use video to get information.

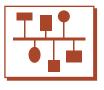


**Directions:** Circle the answer.

A tool that shows when things happen and keeps them in order is a:







timeline document

A tool that can show how people lived, what they did, and what they made is a:







map



historian

A tool that has many pictures pasted on a page is a:



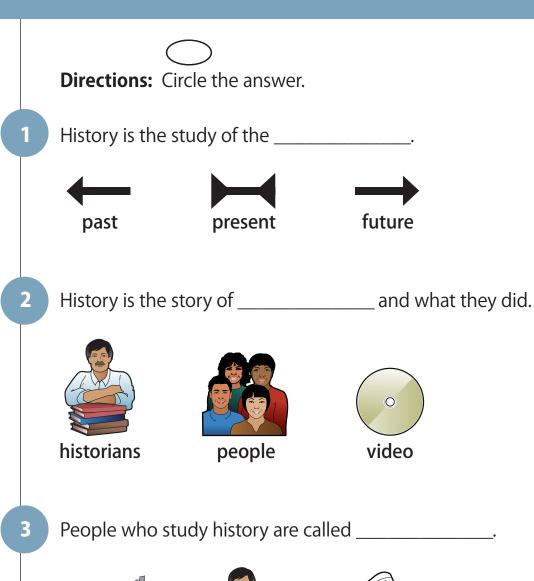
graph



photo



collage





reporters



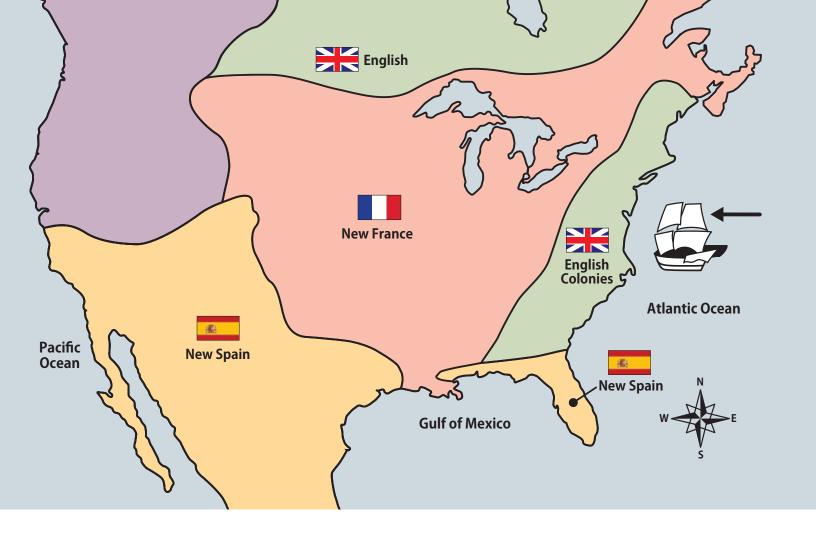
historians



events

# Early Years





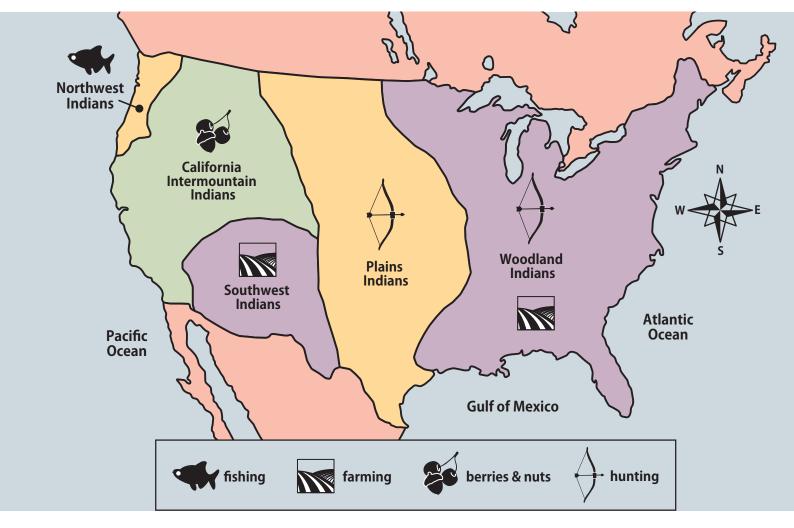
- People from Europe came to the United States before it was a country. Why do you think people came to live in this country?
- How are the boats the people came in different from the boats we use today?
- What countries claimed land in the United States?

# VOCABULARY

Native Americans	the first people to live in the United States
natural resources	all things from nature that people use to help them live
freedom	the right to choose how to live
colonists	early European people who came to live in this country
colonies	the early settlements that later formed the 13 founding states



#### **Native Americans**



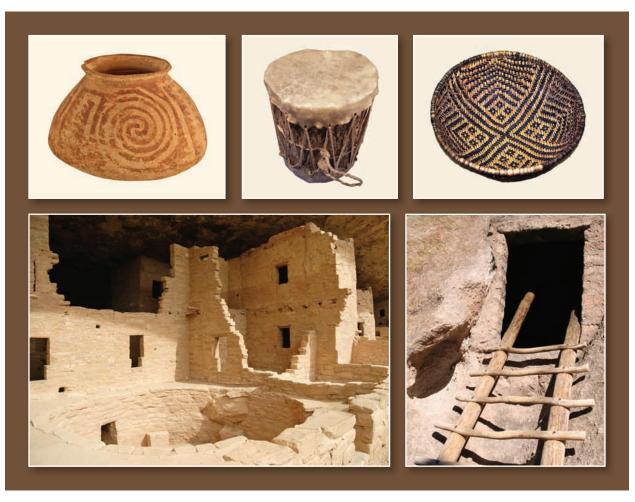
The first people to live in the United States were **Native** Americans, or American Indians. All Native Americans loved nature. However, they were not all alike. How Native Americans made their living depended on the **natural resources** where they lived. They lived in different houses. They are different food. Point to a group of Native Americans. Tell one fact about them.







## Southwest Native Americans

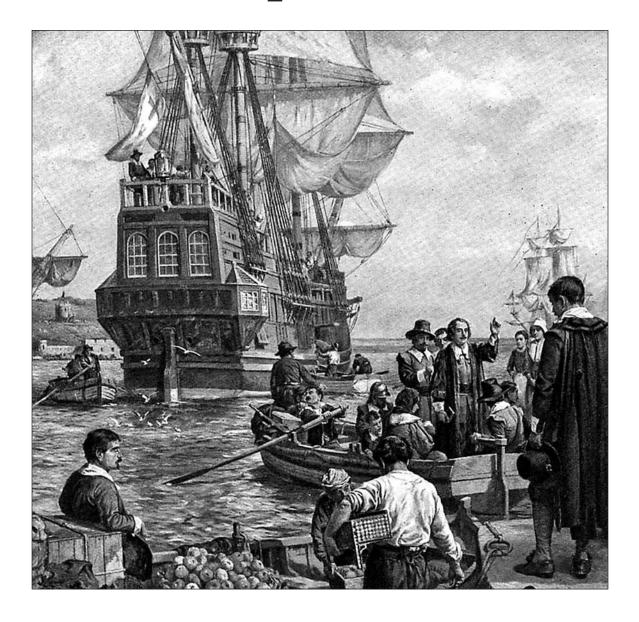


Many **Native Americans** who lived in the Southwest lived in a desert. The desert is hot and dry. These Native Americans used **natural resources** to make a living. They ate desert plants and animals. They were farmers. They dug ditches to get water to their crops. Their houses were made from adobe bricks. These bricks kept the houses cool.





# **Explorers**



The first explorers or Europeans to search for land in the United States came from Spain. They got land for the Spanish king and queen. That meant the new land belonged to Spain. Other kings and queens wanted land. They sent explorers too. The kings and queens wanted to get the **natural resources**. They wanted to find gold to get richer.

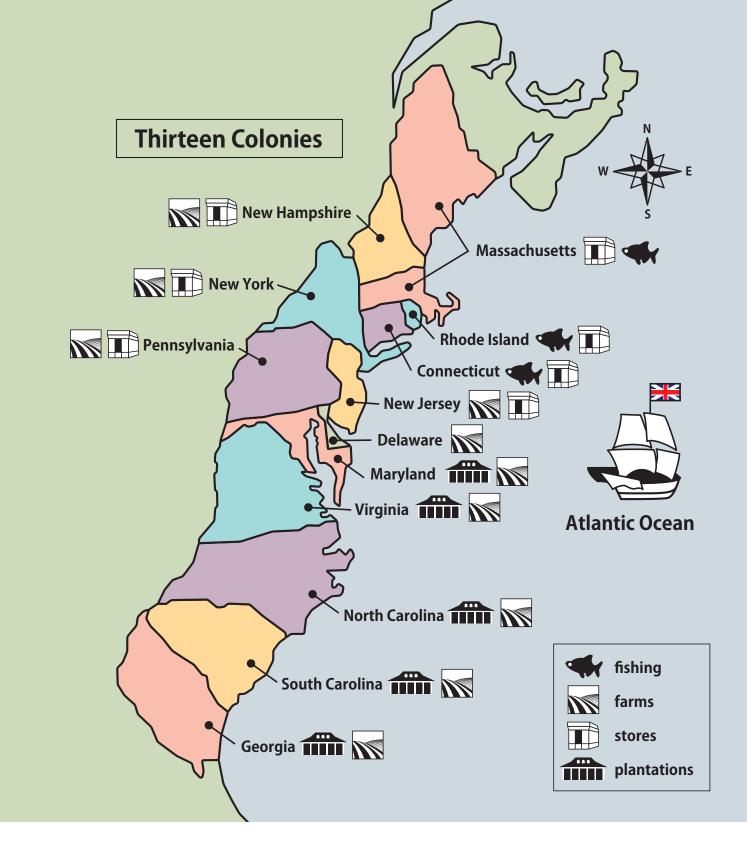
## What Happened to the **Native Americans**

#### **NATURAL RESOURCE NATIVE AMERICANS** Were forced to mine gold silver and gold and silver. Traded animal furs for beads, animal furs blankets, and other supplies. Showed the colonists how to farm and hunt. land Later fought with the colonists over the land.

The **Native Americans** had a hard time after the explorers came to North America. The European explorers and colonists did not understand the way Native Americans lived. Some Native Americans tried to help the Europeans. However, in spite of their help, Native Americans began to lose their land.







Point to a colony and tell something about it.